

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

SOCIOLOGY 0495/22

Paper 2 May/June 2017

1 hour 45 minutes (including 15 minutes' reading time)

Additional Materials:

Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

An answer booklet is provided inside this question paper. You should follow the instructions on the front cover of the answer booklet. If you need additional answer paper ask the invigilator for a continuation booklet.

Answer **two** questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.



This document consists of 3 printed pages and 1 blank page.



Section A: Family

Families are becoming increasingly diverse, for some even monogamy is not the norm. Other

		nges are also happening within the family, for example an increase in symmetry. However ne sociologists still argue that the nuclear family form is the most common today.	,
	(a)	What is meant by the term 'monogamy'?	[2]
	(b)	Describe two examples of symmetry in the family.	[4]
	(c)	Explain how industrialisation affects family life.	[6]
	(d)	Explain why there are so many alternatives to marriage in modern industrial societies.	[8]
	(e)	To what extent is the nuclear family the norm today?	[15]
		Section B: Education	
2	as v thei	dents today are taught in a diverse range of schools and may study traditional academic subjected vell as vocationalism. Some sociologists believe this allows schools to meet the needs of a students, whereas other sociologists believe this is a way of promoting divisions and inequality ociety.	II
	(a)	What is meant by the term 'vocationalism'?	[2]
	(b)	Describe two ways that teacher labelling can affect a student's educational achievement.	[4]
	(c)	Explain how the differences in language at home and at school can affect educational achievement.	[6]
	(d)	Explain why schools are an important part of secondary socialisation.	[8]
	(e)	To what extent is social mobility affected by the type of school an individual attends?	[15]

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Section C: Crime, deviance and social control

3	peo	lanations for crime depend on the type of crime being discussed. For example, the reasons ple commit urban crime are different to the reasons people commit domestic violence. Some ologists believe crime is mainly committed due to material deprivation whilst others disagre	ne
	(a)	What is meant by the term 'urban crime'?	[2]
	(b)	Describe two sociological explanations for crime, apart from material deprivation.	[4]
	(c)	Explain how moral panics in the media can affect the public's view of crime and criminals.	[6]
	(d)	Explain why the police appear to target some social groups more than others.	[8]
	(e)	To what extent does poverty and unemployment explain criminal behaviour?	[15]
		Section D: Media	
exam _r Postm		eral different theories exist to explain the effects the media can have on audiences. Two mples are the cultural effects approach and the uses and gratifications model. However, for	r
		tmodernists, developments in new media mean that the industry can no longer be controlled can be seen to have positive and negative consequences for both audiences and the med	ed.
		tmodernists, developments in new media mean that the industry can no longer be controlled can be seen to have positive and negative consequences for both audiences and the med	ed.
	indu (a)	tmodernists, developments in new media mean that the industry can no longer be controlle can be seen to have positive and negative consequences for both audiences and the medistry.	ed. dia [2]
	indu (a)	tmodernists, developments in new media mean that the industry can no longer be controlled can be seen to have positive and negative consequences for both audiences and the mediatry. What is meant by the term 'cultural effects approach'? Describe two ways, according to the uses and gratifications model, that audience needs a	ed. dia [2] are
	(a) (b)	tmodernists, developments in new media mean that the industry can no longer be controlled can be seen to have positive and negative consequences for both audiences and the mediatry. What is meant by the term 'cultural effects approach'? Describe two ways, according to the uses and gratifications model, that audience needs a met by the media.	ed. dia [2] are [4]

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